

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

As Frank Baker and Charlie Brown were guiding a sand-screw down the Kaw river, at Wyandotte the other morning, it collided with the piling being driven for the Kansas City, Wyandotte & Northwestern bridge. Brown was thrown overboard and drowned.

There were admitted to the Old Fellows' Funeral Aid Association on the past year 139 new members.

At the late meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. at Wichita, the following grand officers were elected: W. A. Corman, Grand Master; J. A. F. Biddle, Grand Secretary; J. A. F. Biddle, Grand Treasurer; J. A. F. Biddle, Grand Warden; S. F. Burdette, Leavenworth, Grand Secretary; L. E. Stine, Ottawa, Grand Treasurer; D. R. Long, Ellsworth, Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge. The next meeting will be held at Salina.

The Clay County Democratic Club attended the Cleveland festivities at Kansas City, sixty strong. All the members wore white plug hats and carried Kansas hickory canes.

NOAH CUNNINGHAM, sixteen years old, was found dead ten miles north of Scott City the other morning with his shoulder broken and chest caved in. He had been bounding cattle on the prairie and it is thought that his horse threw and fell upon him.

The experimental salt well at Hutchinson had reached a depth of 800 feet on the 12th, and the report of the salt find had become a certainty. In all over 250 feet of rock salt had been penetrated in rock varying from seventy to ninety-five feet in thickness. An official analysis showed the product to be over 96 per cent. pure, and the find was creating considerable local excitement.

The Supreme Court recently rendered an opinion on a matter which attracts considerable interest in the State, and which is of unusual interest, as it involves large sums of money. The question decided is, whether an agreement for the sale of real estate is taxable. The case came up on appeal from the district court of Shawnee County, which decided affirmatively. The Supreme Court reverses the decision of the district court and holds that when an agreement is executed to sell real estate upon conditions precedent, and no notes given for the purchase money, and it is stipulated that time is the essence of the agreement and that neither the legal nor the equitable title to the land is transferred thereby, the agreement is not subject to taxation.

Governor Murray has appointed the following delegates and alternates to the National Convention of Cattle Growers, to be held at Kansas City October 31 and November 1: E. P. Kathbun, Downs; William P. Higginbotham, Manhattan, as delegates, and W. S. White, Subetha; Fred Beeler, Cawker City, as alternates.

The Haskell County election resulted in the choice of Santa Fe for permanent county seat by 266 majority over Ivanhoe. One thousand and thirty-two votes were cast in all. Santa Fe receiving 649 and Ivanhoe 383. In the United States District Court at Leavenworth on the 14th John N. Royce, editor of the Atchison Times, was found guilty of using the mails for the purpose of defrauding, and asked for immediate sentence. He was sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$200. The case grew out of the fact that Royce, as president of the Atchison Live Stock Insurance Company, had sent circulars through the mails which purported to be signed by the cashier of the Farmers' Bank of Atchison, representing that the insurance company had on deposit \$50,000, and as a result succeeded in securing about \$30,000, \$15,000 of which he cashed.

The fourth annual convention of the Kansas Equal Suffrage Association convened at Newton on the 12th. Addresses were made by Miss Susan B. Anthony, Miss Rachel G. Foster, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Watkins, district organizer; Mrs. Laura M. Johns, president of the State Association, and Mrs. S. P. Peters. Much enthusiasm was shown.

Several Kansans were relieved of their surplus cash by pickpockets at the Cleveland festivities at Kansas City.

One night recently as J. W. Crawford, a prominent attorney of Kinsley, was conversing with his family in his house, a shot was fired through the window from the opposite side of the street. The ball entered the body below the shoulder and came out several inches beyond and was found on the floor of the room. Detectives were hard at work, but no clue or explanation for the attack had been found. Crawford's wound was not considered fatal.

One of the features of the second day's session of the Kansas Equal Suffrage Association at Newton was the reading of a paper by Judge Adams, of the State Historical Society, giving an abstract of his forthcoming book containing a detailed statement of the women's vote at the spring elections with collected comments of the press. The total vote of women was over 25,000.

The new proprietors of the Leavenworth Times have taken charge of that paper. It will be a stock company.

On the closing day of the Baptist State convention, recently held at Salina, the committee on nominations reported in favor of Mr. M. S. Smalley, Haworth, for president, and J. F. Sherman, Wichita, vice-president. For members of the board of directors: E. S. Brown, Larned; C. P. P. Fox, Washington; E. Anderson, Leavenworth; J. P. Way, Howard; S. Coffman, Jewell City; L. H. Holt, Topeka; William Parker, Cherokee; C. W. Van Dine, Geneva; J. M. Boomer, Fairview; Robert Atkinson, Ottawa; D. W. Smith, Wichita. There were three vacancies in the board of directors, two for one year and one for two years. Rev. C. S. Sheffield and G. W. Brown were appointed for the first and Rev. M. W. Barker for the last.

By a late wreck on the Santa Fe road west of Emporia, the engine, mail and baggage cars were thrown from the track and Andrew Hartwick, freeman, was badly injured by jumping from the engine. The accident was caused by a passenger train running into the rear end of a construction train that was endeavoring to get on the switch.

The State Treasurer recently received from the Assistant United States Treasurer at St. Louis the \$175,000 for Government bonds sold by the State to the United States (Treasurer). This amount goes to the permanent school fund; the commissioners have already purchased \$80,000 of school bonds, and Superintendent Lawhead has arranged for the purchase of as many more. Topeka has a haunted house.

A letter was recently received by the Secretary of State from J. R. Wilder, of Mississippi, requesting sixty or one hundred railroad passes for colored families who desire to come to Kansas. In urging the modest request the writer says: "If the Governor will grant that many passes I will take it on myself to see that these people will be taken care of and brought to Kansas safe so that they can help to make Kansas a good State; for I am a citizen of Kansas and do want to see that State become as popular as the Eastern States are now. I will do all I can to help build it up, for I am not a citizen of the South any more."

The amount paid for losses the past year by the Odd Fellows' Funeral Aid was \$128,000.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

It Would Be Well for All Young Housekeepers to Remember.

That buttermilk will take out mildew stains.

That bottles are easily cleaned with hot water and fine coals.

That a pallet knife should be used to scrape pots and kettles.

That old napkins and old table-cloths make the very best of glass cloths.

That three teaspoonfuls of kerosene put in the wash boiler, will greatly assist in the last rubbing.

That oil-cloth may be kept bright for years if properly varnished each season with any good sicative.

That if the hands are rubbed on a stick of celery after peeling onions, the smell will be entirely removed.

That lamp wicks give a better light when cut squarely across and should not be pecked off as some advocate.

That if soap is purchased in large quantities and kept in a warm, dry place, half the usual amount will be required.

That tubs will not warp or crack open if the precaution is taken to put a pail of water into each directly after use.

That if a cucumber is cut into strips and the pieces put into places where ants are found it will surely drive them away.

That chloride of lime should be scattered, at least once a week, under sinks and in all places where sewer gas is liable to lurk.

That it is an excellent plan to have a penny bank, to be opened once a year, when a book may be purchased or the contents may be used in any way desired.

That one pound of fine tobacco put with a pail of boiling water and allowed to partially cool, when put upon a carpet with a soft brush will brighten the colors and remove surface dirt.

That turpentine and black varnish put with any good stove polish, is the blacking used by hardware dealers for polishing heating stoves. If properly put on it will last throughout a season.

That table linens should always be hemmed by hand. Not only do they look more dainty but there is never a streak of dirt under the edge after being laundered as with machine sewing.

That to preserve eggs for winter use you will require one pint of fresh slaked lime, and one-half pint common salt to three gallons of water. Use a ladle with which to put them into the crock, cover with an old plate and keep in a dry place. If fresh eggs are put in, fresh eggs will come out.

That great care should be taken in washing milk cans, and all vessels into which milk is set, as milk "turns" very readily when put in an unclean dish. Wash first in cold water, second in a strong solution of soda and water and then in clean tepid water. Wipe dry, and if possible set out of doors to sun and air.—Mrs. W. H. Maher, in Good Housekeeping.

How to Treat Broken Bones in Horses, Cattle and Swine.

I have known a hog, sheep, heifer and bull to get well of broken legs. A promising Duroc-Jersey sow slipped and broke a hind leg above the gambrel joint. She was carefully carried to a box-stable and a warm bed of straw provided. Here she was allowed to lie without any attempt to get her up or to cause her to move; she food (wheat middlings) was made into slop, put in a tin pan and placed under her chops. She ate it without effort or moving her hind parts, and in five weeks she got up and walked around the pen. She had not lost flesh, and made a good breeder. The bull was lashed to the floor and his broken leg held in place by splints and bandages. Every few days he was turned over and a fresh bed put under him and the side which had been under was washed and dressed.

A horse could be handled in the same way, and it would pay to try to cure a valuable mare. A padded bed should be prepared, and on this the horse should be made to rest with the head and neck and legs strapped to the floor by staples placed at convenient points. Every morning and night the head could be loosened and the animal helped to eat and drink. After being strapped down a few days any horse would give up struggling, provided it was so fastened as to be perfectly helpless, and it could be turned over with no trouble, and so kept in a better condition. The broken leg should be suspended in a sling from overhead, and in this way it would not be injured. I like this plan better than to suspend the whole animal in a sling, as this is a most troublesome undertaking and often fails, the animal being liable to get loose, or down, and is then worse off than before.—F. D. Curtis, in N. Y. Tribune.

False Teeth For Horses.

The manufacture of false teeth for horses bids fair to become a regular industry. A New York veterinary surgeon recently said on the subject: "They have made wonderful progress within the past year, and they can do anything now in horses' teeth that they can do in human. I heard of a case a few days ago where this new invention was tried with perfect success. The horse's teeth were pulled one by one, and in the cavity left open a new tooth was inserted. It was literally cemented in, and although the gums were sore for a week, they finally hardened and now give the animal no trouble. Filling horses' teeth and cleaning them is a common thing now and in a few years that practice will be all the rage."—N. Y. Star.

THE LATEST IN COFFINS.

Some of the Ingenious Methods by Which Paper is Now Being Utilized.

"Here is a very neat style of coffin," remarked a manufacturer of such articles. "It is the latest thing out, and is really quite popular."

The coffin did not seem to be different from the ordinary kind of casket. It was plain in style and finished in rose-wood, beautifully marked. The handles were of solid silver, and the inside was handsomely covered with cushioned trimming of white silk, neatly quilted. It was evidently a coffin that any modest man of simple tastes could offer no objection to being buried in.

"What do you think of it?"

"It is a very neat sort of a coffin, but I don't see anything remarkable about it."

"Lift one end of it."

The reporter arched his back, grasped the handles firmly and put his strength into a great lift. The casket rose as though it were made of painted air, so light was it, and the experimenter narrowly escaped falling on his back.

"It feels as though it were made of paper. How do you make them so light?"

"It is made of paper," answered the manufacturer; "compressed paper. It is cheaper than wood, can be pressed into shape, is more durable and can be made much more quickly and easily. The veneering is of another piece of paper, very thin, which is painted to resemble wood, by machinery. When the coffin is put together it is varnished and trimmed and then it is ready for occupancy."

"How did you happen to invent it?"

"I didn't invent it, but almost any one ought to have done so. Paper has been used for car wheels for years past. Doors are now made of the same substance. Two thick paper boards, stamped and molded into panels and glazed together with glue and potash, and then rolled through heavy rollers, are coming into use. They are better than wood, in that they will not shrink, swell, crack or warp. They are made water-proof with a mixture. "Boats are also made of paper," continued the manufacturer; "and for certain kinds of racing they are better even than the ordinary kind of wood, and far cheaper."

"You will soon make your whole coffin out of paper?" suggested the reporter.

"We are not far away from that now," replied the maker. "They are making window glass from linen or cotton, modified by chemical action. When the glass is made it is dipped in a preparation of camphor and alcohol, which gives it the character of parchment. It can then be molded and cut into transparent sheets that are remarkably tough and can stand double the strain of the ordinary glass. Yes, sir, it will not be long before not only coffins for the dead, but the houses for the living can be made from the foundation to the roof entirely out of paper. Who says we are not an inventive race?"—N. Y. Mail and Express.

One Cashier Who is Safe.

"I see that you have a new cashier," remarked the president of one bank to another.

"Yes, we set him to work yesterday."

"Had any experience?"

"Lots of it."

"Under heavy bonds, I suppose. Our man is under \$150,000."

"Well, no, we did not require big bonds."

"Great heavens, man! he'll run off in two weeks with the whole bank."

"We have every confidence in him."

"Well, you pay dearly enough for it. He'll be in Canada inside of a month."

"I think not. You see he has just run away from a Canadian bank with \$200,000. I think he is safe enough."

—Minneapolis Journal.

—There is very little surf bathing in Russia.—N. O. Picayune.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 21.

CATTLE—Shipping steers, \$3.00 @ 3.50

Native cows, 2.50 @ 2.75

Butcher's steers, 2.50 @ 3.25

HOGS—Good to choice heavy, 4.00 @ 4.40

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2

No. 2 red, 69 1/2 @ 70 1/2

CORN—No. 2, 35 @ 35 1/2

OATS—No. 2, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2

RYE—No. 2, 44 1/2 @ 45 1/2

BARLEY—No. 2 red, 72 @ 73 1/2

HAY—Baled, 6.00 @ 7.00

BUTTER—Choice creamery, 20 @ 22

CHEESE—Full cream, 11 @ 12

EGGS—Choice, 11 @ 11 1/2

BACON—Ham, 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2

Shoulders, 5 1/2 @ 6

Sides, 5 1/2 @ 6

LARD, 5 @ 5 1/2

POTATOES, 50 @ 60

CATTLE—Shipping steers, 4.20 @ 4.50

Butcher's steers, 3.50 @ 3.80

HOGS—Packing, 4.00 @ 4.50

SHEEP—Fair to choice, 2.80 @ 3.00

FLOUR—Choice, 3.80 @ 4.00

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2

CORN—No. 2, 35 @ 35 1/2

OATS—No. 2, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2

RYE—No. 2, 44 1/2 @ 45 1/2

BUTTER—Creamery, 20 @ 22

POPKA—Shipping steers, 3.50 @ 3.80

HOGS—Good to choice, 4.00 @ 4.40

FLOUR—Choice, 3.80 @ 4.00

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2

CORN—No. 2, 35 @ 35 1/2

OATS—No. 2, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2

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A Business-like Offer.

For many years the manufacturers of Dr. Sagar's Colic Remedy have offered, in good faith, \$500 reward for a case of Colic Catarrh which they can not cure.

The remedy is sold by druggists at only 50 cents. This wonderful remedy has fairly attained a world-wide reputation. If you have dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; if the eyes are weak, watery and inflamed; if there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice being changed and has a nasal twang; the breath offensive, small and taste impaired; sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility, you are suffering from nasal catarrh. The more complicated your disease, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians.

EVERY man who learns the correct should do so under the tutelage of a first-class musician.—Merchant Traveler.

Offer No. 172.

FREE!—To Merchants Only: A triple-plated Silver Set (6 knives, 6 forks, 6 teaspoons, 1 sugar spoon, 1 butter knife), in satin-lined case. Address at once, R. W. TANSILL & Co., 55 State Street, Chicago.

STARS are now looking for supports, and it is a wise precaution; for isn't the fall season coming on?

Those who are trying to break up the baneful habit of intemperance will experience great benefit from the use of Prickly Ash Bitters. Liquors derange the system, excite the liver, irritate the bowels, and results and restore the brain, stomach and liver to healthy action, thereby strengthening the will power, thoroughly cleansing and toning up the system and removing every taint of disease. It is purely a medicine and pleasant to the taste, it can not be used as a beverage by reason of its cathartic properties.

THERE may be foreign matter in chicken pie, but the restaurateur will never reveal it.—Boston Transcript.

Respectfully Submitted.

The proprietors of the great catarrh and tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, respectfully tender to the sick and feeble everywhere relief from dyspepsia, constipation, weakness, nervousness, fever and ague, and renal complaints. Invalids have but to use this helpful and saving medicine, and wait for the beneficent effects certain to follow. The earlier its aid is sought the better. Heed the suggestion.

The home stretch—fixing up a story to tell your wife at one a. m.—Washington Critic.

CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, General Debility, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs and Bronchitis, can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Prominent physicians use it and testify to its great value. Please read the following: "I used Scott's Emulsion for an obstinate Cough with Hemorrhage, Loss of Appetite, Emaciation, Sleeplessness, etc. All of these have now left, and I believe your Emulsion has saved me from a fatal result."—J. T. FINDLEY, M. D., Lone Star, Texas.

The haughty young lady can not deny that she is madden vain.—Merchant Traveler.

Would you know the keen delight of a wholesome appetite, directed by a healthy liver, free from the headache, or fever, or dizziness, or any of the ailments that attend a disordered liver? Then use Dr. Pierce's Pills.

Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets—the original and only genuine Little Liver Pills: 25 cents a box.

The hornet always manages to keep his end up.—Jewish Paragraph.

ST. GEORGE'S, S. C., Sept. 10, '86.

J. F. SMITH & Co.: Gents—Send me at once one gross Smith's Blue Beans, and draw on me through First National Bank of Charleston for amount due on last lot and this also. The Smith's Blue Beans sell like hot cakes, and fill the bill exactly. Hurry them through. W. D. UTNEY, Merchant and Cotton Buyer.

GAME cooked on a rifle range ought to suit an old hunter.—Texas Siftings.

When a threatening lung disorder, Shows its first product, Do not let it cross the border—Quell it with activity.

Many a patient, young or olden, Over a quick remedy, Has found relief in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

The weeping willow sheds more leaves than tears.—N. O. Picayune.

SHILOH, Wis., Nov. 8, '86.

HAVING used Smith's Blue Beans, I believe them to be a good remedy for biliousness, sick headache, constipation, dyspepsia, and all the ailments that attend a disordered condition of the liver. F. N. TONNY, Druggist.

The old lady who keeps cats seems to have a purr-puss in life.—Life.

A Sore Throat or Cough, if suffered to progress, often results in an incurable throat or lung trouble. "Brown's Bronchial Trochæ" give instant relief.

BACHELOR'S hall—a wife when he takes one.—Texas Siftings.

PURIFY Garments and Linen used in the sick room with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50c. The best.

AUTUMN maneuvers—trying to get trusted for a full suit.

Is afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell 25c.

How is the sun's light supported? By its beams.

Ten Cents

Not a price! I want about that for postage, but that every man knows. I will send you a copy of the paper for ten cents (two years) from the time the order is received. The paper is sent by mail, and the lesson by mail.

People

Sunday-school

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